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| **True / False** |

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| 1. The social welfare system is the organized efforts and structures used to provide for our societal well being​.   |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | |  | a. | True | |  | b. | False |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | *ANSWER:* | True | |

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| 2. Social welfare policies are the products of social welfare programs​.   |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | |  | a. | True | |  | b. | False |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | *ANSWER:* | False | |

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| 3. Universal social services are provided to members of society based on their income or means​.   |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | |  | a. | True | |  | b. | False |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | *ANSWER:* | False | |

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| 4. According to the NASW Code of Ethics, “social workers should advocate for changes in policy and legislation to improve social conditions”​.   |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | |  | a. | True | |  | b. | False |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | *ANSWER:* | True | |

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| 5. A residual approach to social welfare policy emphasizes prevention​.   |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | |  | a. | True | |  | b. | False |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | *ANSWER:* | False | |

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| **Multiple Choice** |

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| 6. ​A residual approach to social welfare policy:   |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | |  | a. | ​calls for the prevention of social problems through the implementation of social welfare programs | |  | b. | ​is not possible in the United States | |  | c. | ​emphasizes collective responsibility | |  | d. | ​calls for organized public intervention only when the resources of family and the market place break down | |  | e. | ​uses residence of recipients to determine eligibility |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | *ANSWER:* | d | |

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| 7. An institutional approach to social welfare policy:​   |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | |  | a. | ​calls for organized public intervention in emergency situations | |  | b. | ​calls for the existence of social welfare programs outside of the social structure | |  | c. | **​**calls for the existence of social welfare programs as part of the normal function of society. | |  | d. | ​emphasizes individual responsibility | |  | e. | is based on institutions as the sites for service delivery​ |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | *ANSWER:* | c | |

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| 8. Social welfare policy is:​   |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | |  | a. | ​only concerned with social problems for low income people | |  | b. | ​always court mandated | |  | c. | ​the organized response or lack of a response to a social issue or problem | |  | d. | ​a position that must require action | |  | e. | informal and not put into organized programs​ |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | *ANSWER:* | c | |

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| 9. Gaining power through knowledge in order to effect change is:​   |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | |  | a. | ​why we study social welfare | |  | b. | ​not compatible with social work practice | |  | c. | ​illegal | |  | d. | ​simple and easy and does not require understanding of social issues | |  | e. | ​only the domain of politicians |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | *ANSWER:* | a | |

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| 10. Social welfare programs are:​   |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | |  | a. | ​the products of social welfare policies | |  | b. | ​designed to help only those who are poor | |  | c. | ​not helpful in addressing social problems | |  | d. | ​developed regardless of cost to assist members of society | |  | e. | ​developed before policies |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | *ANSWER:* | a | |

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| 11. Selective social welfare programs are:​   |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | |  | a. | ​available to all who apply for services | |  | b. | ​services that are restricted to only those who can demonstrate proven need | |  | c. | ​never institutional in approach | |  | d. | ​not available through public administration | |  | e. | ​preferable to categorical benefits |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | *ANSWER:* | b | |

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| 12. Driving on an interstate highway is​   |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | |  | a. | ​a form of participating in the social welfare system | |  | b. | ​a private act with no public involvement | |  | c. | ​irrelevant to social welfare policy and social programs | |  | d. | ​a right available only to tax payers | |  | e. | a selective social welfare benefit​ |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | *ANSWER:* | a | |

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| 13. The social welfare system can be viewed as four components:​   |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | |  | a. | ​concerns – rights – regulations - outcomes | |  | b. | ​ideas – social plans – rules - outputs | |  | c. | **​**social issue – policy goals – legislation – program | |  | d. | ​priorities – values – beliefs – policies | |  | e. | ​social values – ideologies – paradigms – goals |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | *ANSWER:* | c | |

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| 14. Public education is an example of a​   |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | |  | a. | ​Universal and institutional social welfare program | |  | b. | ​Selective and residual social welfare program | |  | c. | ​Residual and universal social welfare program | |  | d. | ​Institutional and selective social welfare program | |  | e. | Selective and universal social welfare program​ |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | *ANSWER:* | a | |

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| **Essay** |

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| 15. Define universal and selective services and give an example of each.​   |  |  | | --- | --- | | *ANSWER:* | Answers Will Vary​ | |

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| 16. Describe the differences between an institutional and residual approach to social welfare policies and programs.​   |  |  | | --- | --- | | *ANSWER:* | Answers Will Vary​ | |

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| 17. Identify and explain the four components that comprise the social welfare system as outlined in Chapter 1.​   |  |  | | --- | --- | | *ANSWER:* | Answers Will Vary​ | |

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| 18. How do conflicting values and beliefs impact social welfare policy? Give two examples.​   |  |  | | --- | --- | | *ANSWER:* | Answers Will Vary​ | |